

ASA-755  
E4354-01ES

United States Patent Application

Title of the Invention

SCHEDULING MANAGEMENT SYSTEM AND  
ITS PROCESS CONTROL METHOD

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SCHEDULING MANAGEMENT SYSTEM AND  
ITS PROCESS CONTROL METHOD

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a scheduling management system and more particularly to a process using cooperation between software components.

5 In a conventional scheduling management system, for example, as disclosed in JP-A-1-173259, when some task is to be performed, it is necessary to designate a task by using an icon or menu displayed on a screen. In a recent scheduling management system, the  
10 number of icons and menus is increasing as the functions of the system become abundant. It is therefore cumbersome to find an icon or menu to be designated when some task is performed. It is also very tired to memorize the layout of menus and icons.

15 Most of a conventional scheduling management system request a user to select a process to be performed by using a menu or the like, even if the process is a main process having a high use frequency such as reference to scheduling data of a member and  
20 reference to scheduling data of a specific date, and the user is requested to perform cumbersome operations. Since most of main processes are selected by using a menu or the like, it is necessary to memorize which menu is positioned in what area, and it takes a long time to

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become accustomed with operations.

As above, a conventional scheduling management system does not consider much the operation performance of the system. Therefore it is difficult to understand the operation method and it takes a labor until a user becomes accustomed with the operations.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is an object of the present invention to solve the above problems and provide simplified scheduling operation means.

A scheduling management system of this invention comprises: a scheduling data storage device for storing scheduling data; a member information storage device for storing member information; a calendar information storage device for storing calendar information; a display device for displaying a GUI screen containing a plurality of components; an input device such as a pointing device for designating an arbitrary position on the GUI screen; and an inter-component communication control unit for, if a movable software component on a certain component constituting the GUI screen is selected with the input device and is moved and superposed upon another component constituting the GUI screen, notifying the other motion destination component of the superposed software component, wherein when the software component on one component constituting the GUI screen is superposed on another component, a

process is controlled in accordance with the type of the software component notified by the inter-component communication control unit.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

5           Fig. 1 is a diagram showing the configuration of a scheduling management system according to an embodiment of the invention.

          Fig. 2 is a diagram showing the data structure of member information.

10          Fig. 3 is a diagram showing the structure of scheduling data stored in a schedule storage device.

          Fig. 4 is a diagram showing the structure of scheduling data stored in a scheduling data storage buffer.

15          Figs. 5A and 5B are diagrams showing the data structures of visiting site information and work matter information stored in a visiting site/work matter storage device.

20          Figs. 6A and 6B are diagrams showing the data structures of visiting site information and work matter information stored in a visiting site/work matter storage buffer.

          Fig. 7 shows an example of a displayed member schedule.

25          Fig. 8 shows an example of a display incorporating visiting site information.

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Fig. 9 is a flow chart illustrating a process to be executed by an inter-component communication control unit.

Fig. 10 is a flow chart illustrating a process to be executed by a schedule display area component.

Fig. 11 is a flow chart illustrating a process to be executed by a member select component.

Fig. 12 is a flow chart illustrating a process to be executed by a calendar component.

Fig. 13 is a flow chart illustrating a process to be executed by a visiting site/work matter incorporating component.

Fig. 14 is a flow chart illustrating a member schedule reference process.

Fig. 15 is a flow chart illustrating a date schedule reference process.

Fig. 16 is a flow chart illustrating a process of incorporating visiting site information when new scheduling data is registered.

Fig. 17 is a flow chart illustrating a process of incorporating work matter information when new scheduling data is registered.

Fig. 18 is a flow chart illustrating a process of deleting a member schedule selected from a scheduling screen.

Fig. 19 is a flow chart illustrating a process of referring to the schedule of selected member on selected date.

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Fig. 20 is a flow chart illustrating a process of copying schedules to a selected date.

Fig. 21 is a flow chart illustrating a visiting site/work matter.

## 5 DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Fig. 1 is a diagram showing the configuration of a scheduling management system according to an embodiment of the invention. The scheduling management system includes an input device 101 such as a pointing  
10 device for inputting position information, a display unit 102, a member information storage device 103, a calendar information storage device 104, a scheduling data storage device 105, a visiting site/work matter storage device 106, and a processor unit 107.

15 The member information storage device 103 stores, as shown in Fig. 2, member information constituted of items including a user ID 201, a user name 202, a member type 203, and a parent ID 204. The member type 203 is a flag for judging whether the member  
20 is an individual or a group which is a collection of individuals. The parent ID 204 is an item necessary for hierarchically managing the member information. For example, the hierarchical structure of members shown in Fig. 7 on a member select component 701 can be expressed  
25 by the data structure shown in Fig. 2.

The calendar storage device 104 stores calendar information.

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data supplied from the processor unit on the display unit 102.

5           The inter-component communication control unit 109 has a function of informing, when a software component constituting a GUI screen is moved and superposed upon another software component, that the software component was superposed upon the partner software component. With this function, cooperation between components constituting the GUI screen can be achieved.

10           The member select component 110 includes a member information storage buffer 114, a member information management unit 115, and a judgement process unit (1) 116 for judging a superposed software component. The member information storage buffer 114 temporarily .  
15 stores member information. The member information management unit 115 acquires member information stored in the member information storage device 103 such as shown in Fig. 2, and stores the acquired member information in the member information storage buffer  
20 114. The member information management unit 115 also performs a process of hierarchically displaying the software component representing the member information stored in the member information storage buffer 114, on the member select components 701 as shown in Fig. 7.  
25 Reference numeral 704 represents a software component showing group members, and reference numeral 705 represents a software component showing individual members. Upon a notice of a software component superposed upon

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the member select component from the inter-component communication control unit 109, the judging process unit (1) 116 for judging a superposed software component selects a process in accordance with the type of the notified software component.

The calendar component 111 includes a calendar information storage buffer 117, a calendar information management unit 118, and a judging process unit (2) 119 for judging a superposed software component. The calendar information storage buffer 117 temporarily stores calendar information including year, month, day, and day of the week. The calendar information management unit 118 acquires calendar information from the calendar information storage device 104 and stores it in the calendar information storage buffer 117. The calendar information management unit 118 performs a process of displaying in a calendar format the software component representing date information stored in the calendar information storage buffer 117, on the calendar component 702 such as shown in Fig. 7. Reference numeral 706 represents a software component showing date information. Upon a notice of a software component superposed upon the calendar component from the inter-component communication control unit 109, the judging process unit (2) 119 for judging a superposed software component selects a process in accordance with the type of the notified software component.

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processes regarding schedule reference, registration, change, and deletion. The user ID storage buffer 122 temporarily stores a user ID entered when the user starts using the scheduling management system.

5           This user ID is used when the operation privilege 401 of the scheduling data is set or in other cases. Generally, the schedule operation privilege 401 is set by considering whether the schedule is owned by the user. It is therefore necessary for the system to  
10 know who is the user. Upon a notice of a software component superposed upon the schedule display area component from the inter-component communication control unit 109, the judging process unit (3) 123 for judging a superposed software component selects a process in  
15 accordance with the type of the notified software component. The default value setting unit 127 sets default values of a member and date and a rule for determining a default value, if the member and date are not designated when the scheduling data is referred to,  
20 registered, copied, or moved. The default date may be a current date. When selected scheduling data is registered in the schedule of other users, the default date may be the date information of the selected scheduling data. The default member may be a user, a  
25 member displayed in the schedule screen 707, or the like. The default member may be an owner of the selected schedule or the like when the schedule is copied or moved.

The visiting site/work matter registering component 113 includes a visiting site/work matter storage buffer 124, a visiting site/work matter management unit 125, and a judgment process unit (4) 126 for  
5 judging a superposed software components. The visiting site/work matter storage buffer 124 temporarily stores visiting site information and work matter information. The visiting site/work matter management unit 125  
10 acquires the visiting site information and work matter information including user ID from the visiting site/work matter storage device and stores it in the visiting site/work matter buffer 124. The visiting site/work matter management unit 125 also performs a  
15 process of displaying the software component representing the visiting site information and work matter information stored in the visiting site/work matter storage buffer 124, on the visiting site/work matter component 801 such as shown in Fig. 8. For example, if  
20 the user ID is "USER001", the visiting site information of the item numbers 1 to 3 in Fig. 5A containing the user ID "USER001" and the work matter information of the item numbers 1 to 3 in Fig. 5B containing the user ID  
25 "USER001" are acquired from the visiting site/work matter information storing device 106 storing the visiting site information shown in Fig. 5A and the work matter information shown in Fig. 5B, and the acquired information is stored in the visiting site/work matter

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detail with reference to Figs. 9 to 21.

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area component 112 of the superposed software component. After this notice, the schedule display area component 112 performs a necessary process at a process block 907.

If the software component is superposed on the member select component 701, it is judged at the branch 903 as YES, and at a process block 908 the inter-component communication control unit 109 notifies the member select component 110 of the superposed software component. After this notice, the member select component 110 performs a necessary process at a process block 909.

If the software component is superposed on the calendar component 702, it is judged at the branch 904 as YES, and at a process block 910 the inter-component communication control unit 109 notifies the calendar component 111 of the superposed software component. After this notice, the calendar component 111 performs a necessary process at a process block 911.

If the software component is superposed on the  
visiting site/work matter incorporating component 801,  
it is judged at the branch 905 as YES, and at a process  
block 912 the inter-component communication control unit  
109 notifies the visiting site/work matter incorporating  
component 113 of the superposed software component.  
After this notice, the visiting site/work matter incor-  
porating component 113 performs a necessary process at a  
process block 913.

Next, a process to be executed by each component constituting the GUI screen after the inter-component communication control unit 109 notifies the superposed software component, will be described.

5 First, a process 907 to be executed by the schedule display area component 112 after receiving the notice will be described with reference to Fig. 10. After the notice is received, at branches 1001 to 1004 a process is selected in accordance with the type of the  
10 superposed software component. If the superposed software component is the software component 704 or 705 indicating a member in the member select component 701, the branch 1001 judges as YES. At a process block 1005 a process is performed for referring to the schedule of  
15 the member indicated by the software component at the default date. The default date is preset in the default value setting unit 127. If the superposed software component is the software component 706 indicating a date in the calendar component 702, the branch 1002  
20 judges as YES. At a process block 1006 a process is performed for referring to the schedule of the date indicated by the software component at the default member. The default member is preset in the default value setting unit 127. If the superposed software  
25 component is the software component 803 indicating visiting site information in the visiting site/work matter incorporating component 801, the branch 1003 judges as YES. At a process block 1007 a process is

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performed for setting the visiting site information indicated by the software component as the visiting site of a schedule to be newly registered. If the superposed software component is the software component 804 indicating work matter information in the visiting site/work matter incorporating component 801, the branch 1004 judges as YES. At a process block 1008 a process is performed for setting the work matter information indicated by the software component as the work matter site of a schedule to be newly registered. If the superposed software component is different from the above-described components, the flow returns to (1) in Fig. 9 without performing any process.

A process 909 to be executed by the member select component 110 after receiving the notice will be described with reference to Fig. 11. After the notice is received, at branches 1101 to 1102 a process is selected in accordance with the type of the superposed software component. If the superposed software component is the software component 708 or 709 indicating a member in the schedule display area component 703, the branch 1101 judges as YES. At a process block 1103 a process is performed for deleting the schedule of the member indicated by the software component from the schedule screen 707. If the superposed software component is the software component 710 or 711 indicating scheduling data in the schedule display area component 703, the branch 1102 judges as YES. At a process block

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1104 a process is performed for registering scheduling data having similar contents as those of the schedule indicated by the software component, in the schedule of the member selected on the member select component 701 at the default date. The default date is preset in the default value setting unit 127. If the superposed software component is different from the above-described components, the flow returns to (1) in Fig. 9 without performing any process.

10           A process 911 to be executed by the calendar component 111 after receiving the notice will be described with reference to Fig. 12. After the notice is received, at a branch 1201 a process is selected in accordance with the type of the superposed software component. If the superposed software component is the software component 704 or 705 indicating a member in the member select component 701, the branch 1201 judges as YES. At a process block 1202 a process is performed for referring to the schedule of the selected member at the selected date. If the superposed software component is different from the above-described components, the flow returns to (1) in Fig. 9 without performing any process.

25           A process 913 to be executed by the visiting site/work matter incorporating component 113 after receiving the notice will be described with reference to Fig. 13. After the notice is received, at a branch 1301 a process is selected in accordance with the type of the superposed software component. If the superposed

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software component is the software component 710 or 711 indicating a schedule in the schedule display area component 703, the branch 1301 judges as YES. At a process block 1302 a process is performed for registering

- 5 visiting site information and work matter information of the scheduling data indicated by the software component, in the visiting site/work matter incorporating component 113. If the superposed software component is different from the above-described components, the flow returns to
- 10 (1) in Fig. 9 without performing any process.

Next, each process selected by each component constituting the GUI screen will be described in detail.

- First, a member schedule reference process 1005 will be described with reference to Fig. 14. Upon
- 15 being notified from the inter-component communication control unit 109 that the software component 704 or 705 indicating a member in the member select component 701 was superposed upon the schedule display area component 703, at a process block 1401 the schedule display area
- 20 component 112 inquires the member select component 110 about member information of the member indicated by the software component. Fig. 7 shows an example that the software component indicating "group 1" was superposed upon the schedule display area component 703. In this
- 25 example, in response to the inquiry, the information of the item 4 shown in Fig. 2 is returned to the schedule display area component 112. Next, at a branch 1402 it is judged, from the item of the type 203 of the inquired

member information, whether the member is an individual or a group. In the example shown in Fig. 7, the type 203 of the item 4 is referred to so that it is judged that the member is a group.

5           If the member is an individual, at a process block 1403 the member information of the individual is stored in an array which stores member information of the member whose schedule is referred to. At a process block 1404 a variable NUM indicating the number of  
10 members whose schedules are referred to is set with "1".

          If the member is a group, at a process block 1405 the member select component 110 is inquired about member information of all members belonging to the group. In the example shown in Fig. 7, in response to  
15 the inquiry, information of the items 5 and 6 having the parent ID 204 of "GROUP001" which is the user ID 201 of the "group 1" is returned to the schedule display area component 112.

          Next, at a process block 1408 a variable COUNT  
20 for counting the number of members acquired the scheduling data is set to "0". At a repetition process 1409, the following processes are repeated by the number of members to be displayed. In the example of Fig. 7, the following processes are repeated twice.

25           At a process block 1410 the scheduling data containing the user ID of the member whose schedule is referred to and the default date is acquired from the scheduling data storage device 105. Next, at a branch

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1411 it is judged, through comparison between the user  
ID 201 of the member and the user ID stored in the ID  
storage buffer 122, whether the member whose schedule is  
referred to is the user or not. If the member whose  
5 schedule is referred to is the user, at the branch 1411  
it is judged as YES. At a process block 1412, the  
operation privileges 401 of all the acquired user  
schedules are made valid, and the acquired scheduling  
data is stored in the scheduling data storage buffer  
10 120. If the member is not the user, it is judged at the  
branch 1411 as NO. At a process block 1413 the opera-  
tion privileges 401 of all the acquired member schedules  
are made invalid, and the acquired scheduling data is  
stored in the scheduling data storage buffer 120.

15 In the example shown in Fig. 7, the above  
processes are executed first for the item 5. Assuming  
that the default date is a current date (97/10/28), at  
the process block 1410 the scheduling data containing  
the user ID 301 of "USER001" and the date 302 of  
20 "97/10/28", i.e., the information of the item 2 shown  
in Fig. 3, is acquired from the scheduling data storage  
device 105. Next, at the branch 1411 it is judged  
whether the member is the user. In this case, if  
"USER001" is stored in the ID storage buffer 122, the  
25 member in the item 5 is judged as the user. Therefore,  
at the next process block 1412, the "valid" operation  
privileges 401 are added to all the acquired schedules  
of the member of the item 5 shown in Fig. 2, i.e., to

the information in the item 2 shown in Fig. 3, and the information in the item 1 shown in Fig. 4 is stored in the scheduling data storage buffer 120.

5       The member in the item 6 in Fig. 2 has the  
user ID "USER002" which is different from the ID  
"USER001" stored in the ID storage buffer 122. There-  
fore, it is judged at the branch 1411 that the member is  
not the user. At the process block 1413 the "invalid"  
operation privileges 401 are therefore added to all the  
10       acquired schedules of the member of the item 6 shown in  
Fig. 2, i.e., to the information in the item 4 shown in  
Fig. 3, and the information in the item 2 shown in Fig.  
4 is stored in the scheduling data storage buffer 120.

15       At a process block 1414, the schedule screen  
707 for displaying scheduling data is displayed on a  
schedule display area. Lastly, at a process block 1415  
the scheduling data stored in the scheduling data  
storage buffer 120 is displayed on the schedule screen.  
In the example shown in Fig. 7, at the process block  
20       1415 the scheduling data of the items 1 and 2 shown in  
Fig. 4 and stored in the scheduling data storage buffer  
120 is displayed on the schedule screen 707.

25       In the above description, after the schedule  
screen 707 is displayed, the scheduling data is dis-  
played. However, the scheduling data may be displayed  
in different ways. Namely, if the schedule display  
area component 112 has a function of judging a component

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superposed area and when the software component indicating a member is superposed upon the area where the schedule screen 707 is displayed, the schedules of the new member may be additionally displayed on the schedule screen 707. Alternatively, if the software component indicating a member is superposed upon the area where the schedule screen 707 is not displayed on the schedule display area component 703, a new schedule screen 707 may be opened and the schedule of the member may be displayed thereon.

A date schedule reference process 1006 will be described with reference to Fig. 15. Upon being notified from the inter-component communication control unit 109 that the software component 706 indicating a date in the calendar component 702 was superposed upon the schedule display area component 703, at a process block 1501 the schedule display area component 703 is inquired about the date information indicated by the software component. For example, if the software component indicating the date 1997/10/28 is superposed upon the schedule display area component, the date information 1997/10/28 is returned to the schedule display area component 112 in response to the inquiry.

At a process block 1502 the scheduling data containing a default user ID of the member and the inquired date is acquired from the scheduling data storage device 105 and the operation privilege 401 is set in a manner similar to the schedule reference

process, and the acquired scheduling data is stored in the scheduling data buffer 120. Consider, for example, the case wherein the default member is the user and the user ID is "USER001". In this case, the scheduling data in the item 2 shown in Fig. 3 and having the user ID 301 of "USER001" and the date 302 of "97/10/28" is acquired. Since the schedule is the user's schedule, the operation privilege 401 is set to "valid", and the scheduling data in the item 1 shown in Fig. 4 is stored in the scheduling data buffer 120.

Lastly, at a process block 1502 the acquired scheduling data is displayed on the schedule screen 707. In the above example, the scheduling data in the item 1 shown in Fig. 4 and stored in the scheduling data buffer 120 is displayed on the schedule screen 707.

A process 1007 of setting visiting site information to scheduling data to be newly registered will be described with reference to Fig. 16. Upon being notified from the inter-component communication control unit 109 that the software component 803 indicating visiting site information in the visiting site/work matter incorporating component 801 was superposed upon the schedule display area component 802, at a process block 1601 the visiting site/work matter incorporating component 113 is inquired about the visiting site information indicated by the software component. For example, if the software component 803 indicating "conference room A" in the visiting site/work matter

incorporating component 113 is superposed upon the schedule display area component 802, the information in the item 1 shown in Fig. 6A is returned to the schedule display area component 112 in response to the inquiry.

5               Next, at a branch 1602 it is judged whether a new schedule registration screen 805 is displayed on the schedule display area component 802. If displayed, at a process block 1603 the visiting site information indicated by the superposed software component is set to  
10 a visiting site 402 in the scheduling data to be newly registered. The visiting site information is displayed in a visiting site column 806 of the new schedule registration screen 805.

              If the new schedule registration screen 805 is  
15 not displayed, at a process block 1604 an area for new schedule registration is reserved in the scheduling data storage buffer 120 and an initialization process is performed. At a process block 1605 the visiting site information indicated by the superposed software compo-  
20 nent is set to the visiting site 402 of the scheduling data to be newly registered. The new schedule registration screen 805 with the visiting site 806 being set is displayed.

              In the above example, at the process block  
25 1603 if the new schedule registration screen 805 is displayed, or at the process block 1605 if not displayed, the "conference room A" is set to the visiting site 402 in the new scheduling data and displayed in the

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visiting site column 806 in the new schedule registration screen 805 as shown in Fig. 8.

5 A process 1008 of setting work matter information to scheduling data to be newly registered will be described with reference to Fig. 17. Upon being notified from the inter-component communication control unit 109 that the software component 804 indicating work matter information in the visiting site/work matter incorporating component 801 was superposed upon the  
10 schedule display area component 802, at a process block 1701 the visiting site/work matter incorporating component 113 is inquired about the work matter information indicated by the software component. For example, if the software component 804 indicating "progress  
15 conference" in the visiting site/work matter incorporating component 801 is superposed upon the schedule display area component 802, the information in the item 1 shown in Fig. 6B is returned to the schedule display area component 112 in response to the inquiry.

20 Next, at a branch 1702 it is judged whether the new schedule registration screen 805 is displayed on the schedule display area component 802. If displayed, at a process block 1703 the work matter information indicated by the superposed software component is set to  
25 a work matter 403 in the scheduling data to be newly registered. The work matter information is displayed in a work matter column 807 of the new schedule registration screen 805.

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If the new schedule registration screen 805 is not displayed, at a process block 1704 an area for new schedule registration is reserved in the scheduling data storage buffer 120 and an initialization process is performed. At a process block 1705 the work matter information indicated by the superposed software component is set to the work matter 403 of the scheduling data to be newly registered. The new schedule registration screen 805 with the work matter 807 being set is displayed.

In the above example, at the process block 1703 if the new schedule registration screen 805 is displayed, or at the process block 1705 if not displayed, the "progress conference" is set to the work matter 403 in the new scheduling data and displayed in the work matter column 807 in the new schedule registration screen 805.

A process 1103 of deleting a schedule of a member from the schedule screen 707 will be described with reference to Fig. 18. Upon being notified from the inter-component communication control unit 109 that the software component 708 or 709 indicating a member in the schedule display area component 703 was superposed upon the member select component 701, at a process block 1801 the schedule area display component 112 is instructed to delete the schedule of the member indicated by the software component from the schedule screen 707.

Upon reception of the instruction, at a process block 1802 the schedule display area component 112 deletes the scheduling data containing the user ID of the member from the schedule storage buffer 120.

5           For example, if the software component 709 indicating Mr. B on the schedule screen 707 shown in Fig. 7 is superposed upon the member select component 701, at the process block 1801 the member select component 110 instructs the schedule display area  
10       component 112 to delete the schedule of Mr. B.

          Upon reception of the instruction, at the process block 1802 the schedule display area component 112 deletes the scheduling data containing the user ID 404 of "USER002" of Mr. B, i.e., the information in the  
15       item 2 shown in Fig. 4, from the schedule storage buffer 120.

          Lastly, at a process block 1803 in order to reflect the change contents of the scheduling data storage butter 120 upon the schedule screen 707, the  
20       schedule screen 707 is again drawn. In the above example, at the process block 1803 only the schedule of Mr. A is displayed on the schedule screen.

          A process 1104 of registering a selected schedule in the scheduling data of a member will be  
25       described with reference to Fig. 19. Upon being notified from the inter-component communication control unit 109 that the software component 710 or 711 indicating a schedule in the schedule display area component

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703 was superposed upon the member select component 701, at a process block 1901 the member information of the member selected on the member select screen 701 is supplied to the schedule area display component 112. At a process block 1902 the schedule display area component 112 is instructed to register the data having the same contents as those indicated by the superposed software component, in the scheduling data of the member.

Upon reception of the instruction, at a process block 1903 the schedule display area component 112 reserves an area for member schedule registration in the scheduling data storage buffer 120, and an initializing process is performed. At a process block 1904 the user ID selected by the member select component 701 is set to the user ID 404 of the scheduling data. A default date is set to the date 405 of the scheduling data. The default date is preset in the default value setting unit 127. At a process block 1905 the same contents as those of the scheduling data of the superposed software component are set, excepting the items of the user ID 404 and date 405 in the scheduling data. Lastly, at a process block 1906 the registered scheduling data of the member is added to the scheduling data storage device 105.

For example, if the software component 711 indicating the schedule of Mr. B on 97/10/28 on the schedule screen 707 shown in Fig. 7 is superposed upon the member select component 701 under the condition that

Mr. A is selected, at the process block 1901 the member information of Mr. A in the item 5 shown in Fig. 2 is supplied from the member select component 110 to the schedule display area component 112. At the next  
5 process block 1902 it is instructed to register the scheduling data of Mr. B on 1997/10/28 in the item 2 shown in Fig. 4, in the scheduling data of Mr. A.

Upon reception of the instruction, at the process block 1904 the user ID "USER001" of Mr. A is set  
10 to the user ID 404 of the scheduling data to be newly registered. If the default date is set as the date information in the selected scheduling data, 1997/10/28 is set to the date. At the process block 1905, the scheduling data indicated by the superposed software  
15 component 711, i.e., the same contents as those in the item 2 shown in Fig. 4, are set excepting the other items. The scheduling data registered in the scheduling data of Mr. A is added in the scheduling data storage device 105 at the process block 1906.

20 A process 1202 of referring to the scheduling data of a selected member on a selected date will be described with reference to Fig. 20. Upon being notified from the inter-component communication control unit 109 that the software component 704 or 705 indicat-  
25 ing a member in the member select component 701 was superposed upon the calendar select component 702, at a process block 2001 the member select component 110 is inquired about the member information of the member

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5 112. At the next process block 2003 the schedule display area component 112 is instructed to refer to the scheduling data of the selected member on the selected date in accordance with the supplied information.

20 For example, if the software component indi-  
cating Mr. A is superposed upon the calendar component  
702 selected with the date 97/10/28, at the process  
block 2001 the member select component 110 is inquired  
about the member information of Mr. Mr. A to obtain the  
25 member information such as shown in the item 5 shown in  
Fig. 2. Next, at the process block 2002 the member  
information of Mr. A in the item 5 shown in Fig. 2 and  
the date information of 97/10/28 selected by the

calendar component 702 are supplied to the schedule display area component. At the process block 2003, the schedule display area component 112 is instructed to refer to the scheduling data of Mr. A on 97/10/28.

5           Upon reception of the instruction, at the process block 2004 the scheduling display area component 112 acquires from the scheduling data storage device 105 the scheduling data in the item 2 shown in Fig. 3 and containing the user ID 301 of Mr. A and the date 302 of 10 97/10/28. The operation privilege 401 is set to the acquired scheduling data in a manner described previously to be thereafter stored in the scheduling data storage buffer 120. Lastly, at the process block 2005 the scheduling data in the item 1 shown in Fig. 4 and 15 stored in the scheduling data storage buffer 120 is displayed.

          A visiting site/work matter registration process 1302 will be described with reference to Fig. 21. Upon being notified from the inter-component 20 communication control unit 109 that the software component 710 or 711 indicating a schedule in the schedule display area component 703 was superposed upon the visiting site/work matter incorporating component 801, at a process block 2101 the schedule display area 25 component 112 is inquired about the scheduling data indicated by the superposed software component. In accordance with the inquired scheduling data, visiting site information is first registered and then work

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matter information is registered. The order of registering the visiting site information and work matter information may be reversed.

At a branch 2102 it is judged whether the  
visiting site of the scheduling data is set and already  
stored. Only if the both conditions are met, the visit-  
ing site information is registered by the following pro-  
cedure. At a process block 2103 an area for registering  
the visiting site information is reserved in the visit-  
ing site/work matter storage buffer 124. At a process  
block 2104, the visiting site information and user ID in  
the scheduling data indicated by the superposed software  
component are stored respectively in a visiting site  
602 and a user ID 601. At a process block 2105, the  
registered contents are added to the visiting site/work  
matter information storage device 106.

Next at a branch 2106 it is judged whether the work matter of the scheduling data is set and already registered. Only if the both conditions are met, the visiting site information is registered by the following procedure. At a process block 2107 an area for registering the visiting site information is reserved in the visiting site/work matter storage buffer 124. At a process block 2108, the visiting site information and user ID in the scheduling data indicated by the supposed software component are stored respectively in a visiting site 604 and a user ID 603. At a process block 2109, the registered contents are added to the visiting



site/work matter information storage device 106.

Lastly, at a process block 2110 the software component indicating the registered visiting site information and work matter information is displayed on the visiting  
5 site/work matter incorporating component 801.

For example, if the software component 710 indicating the scheduling data of Mr. A on 97/10/28 displayed in the scheduling screen 707 shown in Fig. 7 is superposed upon the visiting site/work matter  
10 incorporating component 801, at the process block 2101 the scheduling data in the item 1 shown in Fig. 4 is supplied to the visiting site/work matter incorporating component 113. If it is assumed that the visiting site information of Mr. A shown in Fig. 6A is already  
15 registered, then the visiting site 402 of the scheduling data in the item 1 shown in Fig. 4 is "conference room A" and this information exists in the visiting site 602 in the item 1 shown in Fig. 6A. Therefore, it is judged as NO at the branch 2102. In this example, therefore,  
20 the visiting site information is not registered.

For the work matter registration, if it is assumed that the work matter information of Mr. A shown in Fig. 6B is already registered, then the work matter  
403 of the scheduling data in the item 1 shown in Fig. 4  
25 is "review" and this information is not stored in the visiting site/work matter information storage buffer 124. Therefore, it is judged as YES at the branch 2106. At the next process block 2108 "review" and "USER001"

are respectively set to the work matter 604 and user ID 603. At the process block 2109, the work matter information is added to the visiting site/work matter information storage device 106. Lastly, the software component indicating the work matter "review" of Mr. A is displayed on the visiting site/work matter incorporating component 801.

The invention is not limited to the above-described embodiment. For example, if the software component indicating the date on the calendar component 702 is superposed upon the member select component 701, the member schedule reference process may be selected for the member selected by the member select component 701 on the date indicated by the software component.

This can be achieved by the following procedure. The member select component 110 inquires the calendar component 111 about the date information indicated by the superposed software component. Next, the inquired date information and the member information of the member selected by the member select component 701 are supplied to the schedule display area component 112. The schedule display area component 112 is instructed to perform a process of referring to the scheduling data of the selected member on the selected date in accordance with the supplied information. The instructed schedule display area component 112 performs a process of referring to the scheduling data of the designated member on the designated date.

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In the schedule reference process of the above embodiment, although a single software component is superposed, a plurality of software components may be superposed. In this case, the number of superposed software components is not limited. This can be achieved by repeating the processes from the branch 1402 to the repetition block 1409 shown in Fig. 14 by the number of times same as the number of superposed software components.

In the above embodiment, although the ID storage buffer 122 and default value setting unit 127 are contained in the schedule display area component 112, it is not necessary to contain them in the schedule display area component 112, but they may be disposed in any area of the system.

Also, the scheduling data management unit 121 performs a process of data transfer to and from the scheduling data storage device 105. This data transfer unit may be disposed in any area of the system. The same configuration is also applied to the member information management unit 115, calendar information management unit 118, and visiting site/work matter management unit 125.

The layout of the components constituting the GUI screen is not limited only to that shown in Fig. 7, but any layout may be applied.

In the above embodiment, a process is selected in accordance with a relation of a software component

with components constituting the GUI screen, the relation being determined from the superposition of software components. However, other operations may be applied so long as the relation of a software component with components constituting the GUI screen can be determined.

In the member schedule reference process, the operation privilege 402 of scheduling data of a member other than the user is set "invalid". However, a table storing a relation, for example, a superior officer and a secretary may be prepared and the operation privilege 401 of scheduling data of the superior officer may be set "valid" relative to the secretary. Alternatively, scheduling data may be provided with an item for storing a member who registered the scheduling data in place of a user, and the operation privilege 401 of scheduling data may be set "valid" relative to the member who registered the scheduling data, in addition to the user.

As described so far, according to the present invention, main tasks of the scheduling management system can be performed with a simple operation of superposition of a software component upon a component constituting the GUI screen. Further, if the member whose scheduling data is to be referred to is superposed upon the schedule display area, the schedules of the member can be displayed. Therefore, any user can easily image and memorize the operations. The invention thus

provide a simple and easy-to-memorize operation method so that even a novice user can learn main operations in relatively short time.

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